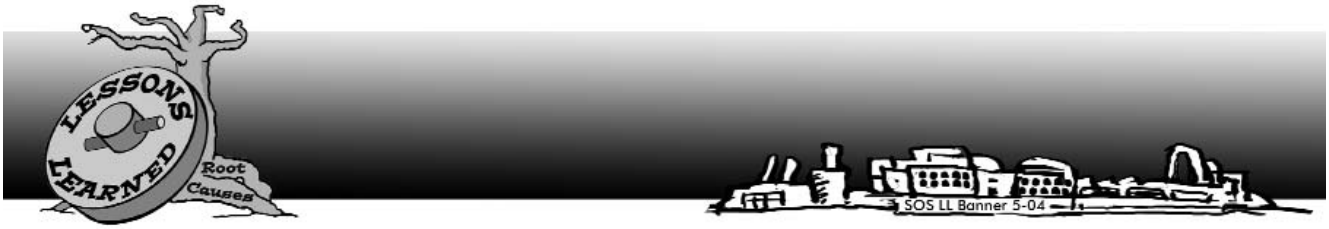

Mobile Crane Collides with Bollard (Metal Post)

Purpose

To share "lessons learned" gained from incident investigations through a small group discussion method format.

To understand "lessons learned" through a Systems of Safety viewpoint.

TONY MAZZOCCHI CENTER
FOR HEALTH, SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION
A PROJECT OF THE UNITED STEELWORKERS AND THE LABOR INSTITUTE

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Lessons Learned

Volume 07, Issue 35

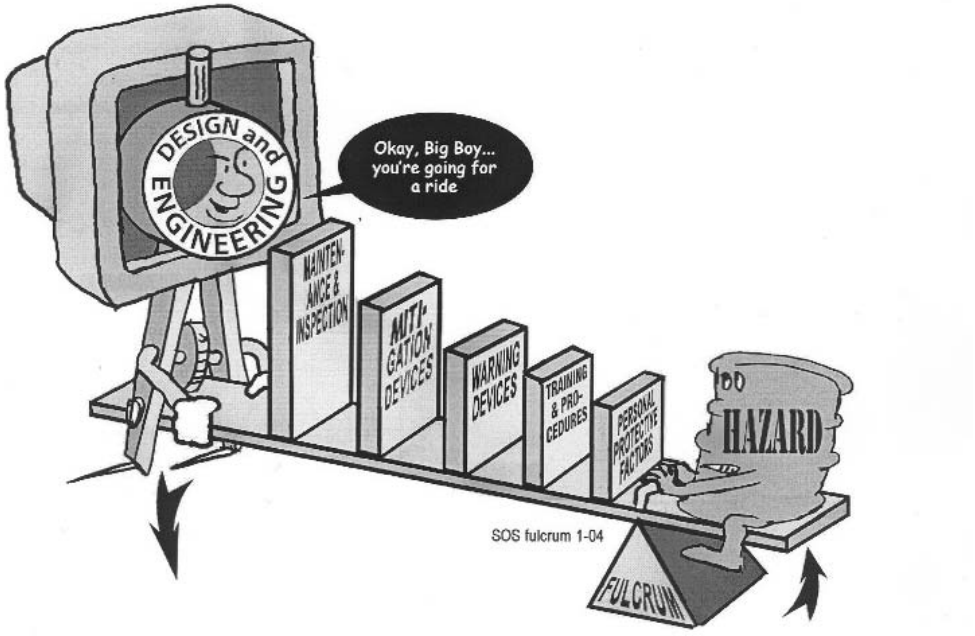
Background Information

Before beginning this Lessons Learned, please review this and the next page which contain information that will introduce the concepts of Lessons Learned and Systems of Safety.

Creating a safe and healthy workplace requires a never ending search for hazards that sometimes are not obvious to us. These hazards exist in every workplace and can be found by using various methods. Lessons Learned are just as the name suggests: learning from incidents to prevent the same or similar incidents from happening again.

Systems Are Not Created Equal: Not equal in protection and not equal in prevention.

Using our Systems Focus to uncover system flaws or root causes is only one part of controlling hazards. We also need to look at the systems involved to decide on the best way to deal with the problem. The most effective way to control a hazard is close to its source. The least effective is usually at the level of the person being exposed. The system of safety in which the flaw is identified is not necessarily the system in which you would attempt to correct the flaw.



Major Safety System	Design & Engineering	Maintenance & Inspection	Mitigation Devices	Warning Devices	Training & Procedures	Personal Protective Factors
Level of Prevention	**Highest—the first line of defense**	**Middle—the second line of defense**				**Lowest—the last line of defense**
Effectiveness	**Most Effective**	←			→	**Least Effective**
Goal	*To eliminate hazards*	*To further minimize and control hazards*				*To protect when higher level systems fail*
EXAMPLES OF SAFETY SUB-SYSTEMS**	**Technical** Design and Engineering of Equipment, Processes and Software Management of Change (MOC)** Chemical Selection and Substitution Safe Siting Work Environment HF **Organizational *(must address a root cause)*** Staffing HF Skills and Qualifications HF Management of Personnel Change (MOPC) Work Organization and Scheduling HF Work Load Allocation of Resources Buddy System Codes, Standards, and Policies**	Inspection and Testing Maintenance Quality Control Turnarounds and Overhauls Mechanical Integrity	Enclosures, Barriers Dikes and Containment Relief and Check Valves Shutdown and Isolation Devices Fire and Chemical Suppression Devices Machine Guarding	Monitors Process Alarms Facility Alarms Community Alarms Emergency Notification Systems	Operating Manuals and Procedures Process Safety Information Process, Job and Other Types of Hazard Assessment and Analysis Permit Programs Emergency Preparedness and Response Training Refresher Training Information Resources Communications Investigations and Lessons Learned Maintenance Procedures Pre-Startup Safety Review	Personal Decision-making and Actions HF Personal Protective Equipment and Devices HF Stop Work Authority

HF - Indicates that this sub-system is often included in a category called Human Factors.
* There may be additional subsystems that are not included in this chart. Also, in the workplace many subsystems are interrelated. It may not always be clear that an issue belongs to one sybsystem rather than another.
** The Codes, Standards and Policies and Management of Change sub-systems listed here are related to Design and Engineering. These subsystems may also be relevant to other systems; for example, Mitigation Devices. When these sub-systems relate to systems other than Design and Engineering, they should be considered as part of those other system, not Design and Engineering.

Revised October 2006

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Title: Mobile Crane Collides with Bollard (Metal Post)

Identifier: Volume 07, Issue 35

Date Issued: March 1, 2007

Lessons Learned Statement:

There are often incidents that happen in spite of how much precaution you take or pre-inspection you do. A crane lost its brakes even after the crane operator tested his brakes before driving down a grade.

The important thing is that an investigation is done to find the root causes of the incident and make the necessary ***Systems of Safety*** fixes to prevent the incident from happening again, even if no one was injured and no equipment was damaged.

In the case of the crane incident, a hydraulic pressure switch, which had been replaced in the past 12 months, blew out unexpectedly. No one expected that the pressure switch would blow out or that the hydraulic fluid would empty so quickly.

After the subsequent investigation, two (2) recommendations were made:

1. To replace the pressure switch with a mechanical switch (a **Design and Engineering** ***System of Safety*** fix; and
2. To audit other similar equipment and make any necessary replacements of the hydraulic switches (a **Maintenance and Inspection** ***System of Safety*** fix).

Discussion:

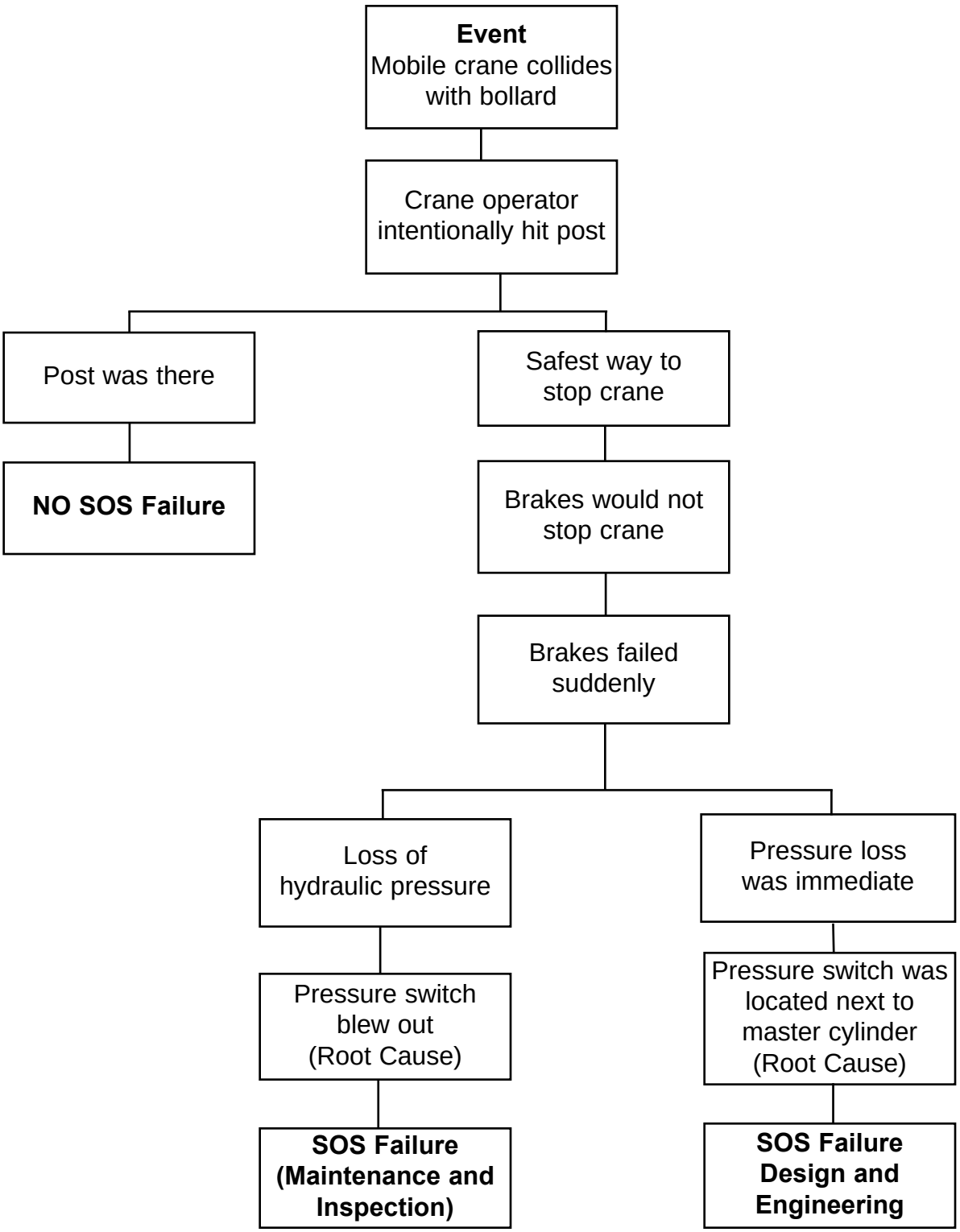
A crane operator was assigned to drive a mobile crane to the Wharf yard (a pump transfer area) to make a lift. As the operator approached the site, he noticed that there was a steep slope that he had to go down to reach the Wharf yard. The operator tested his brakes before he reached the slope and they were found to be working. He also lowered the transmission gear.

As the crane started down the slope, it began to gain speed. As the operator applied the brakes, they failed; and the pedal went to the floor. Seeing some worker on a scaffold straight ahead, the operator steered the crane toward a bollard (a metal post in the ground used to protect water valves or other pieces of equipment from being hit by moving equipment) and intentionally collided with the bollard in order to stop the crane.

The operator was not hurt and no equipment was damaged.

Analysis

The Logic Tree is a pictorial representation of a logical process that maps an incident from its occurrence, "the event," to facts of the incident and the incident's root causes.



Recommended Actions

1. Replace pressure switch with mechanical switch linked to brake pedal.
2. Audit other cranes and replace any that are on critical hydraulic systems.

Education Exercise

Working in your groups and using the Lessons Learned Statement, Discussion, Analysis and Recommended Actions, answer the two questions below. Your facilitator will give each group an opportunity to share answers with the large group.

1. Give examples of ways to apply the Lessons Learned Statement at your workplace.

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

2. Of the examples you generated from Question 1, which will you pursue in your workplace? (**Note:** When we say something you may pursue, we mean a joint labor-management activity or a union activity rather than an activity carried out by you as an individual.)

Trainer's Lessons Learned Success Inventory

Following a Lessons Learned (LL) session, **the trainer who led the LL** should complete this form. This information will: 1) Help you reflect on the successes and challenges of the session; 2) Help USW with new curriculum development; and 3) Help USW as a whole better understand how the LL Program is supporting their workers.

By reviewing LL from different sites or from other areas of their workplaces, workers are able to analyze the information and apply these lessons to their own workplaces in order to make their workplaces healthier and safer.

1. Site name (if there are participants from ore than one site, please list all).

_____

2. Date of LL training _____
3. LL number used in today's Training_____
4. Your name_____
5. **Summary of Education Question 1:** Please summarize participants' examples of ways to apply this LL Statement to their workplace.

Please continue on reverse side.

6. **Summary of Education Question 2:** Please summarize which actions or recommendations participants discussed pursuing at their workplace(s).

Thank you for completing this form.

EVALUATION

Lessons Learned: Mobile Crane Collides with Bollard (Metal Post)

Please answer the two questions below:

1. **How important is this lessons learned to you and your workplace? (Circle one.) Rate on a scale of 1 to 5, with 5 being the most important.**

1	2	3	4	5

2. **What suggestions would you make to improve this Lessons Learned?**

End of Training Trainer's Instructions

Please complete the information below.

Trainer's Name _____
(Please Print)

Date of training: _____

No. of Participants: Total _____ Hourly _____ Management _____

Location of Training: _____

USW Local # _____

Send:

1. This page;
2. The Education Exercise (page 8);
3. The Trainer's LL Success Inventory form (pages 9 and 10);
4. The evaluation for each participant (page 11); and
5. The Sign-in sheet (page 13) to:

Doug Stephens
United Steelworkers International Union
3340 Perimeter Hill Drive
Nashville TN 37211

Thank you for facilitating the sharing of this
Lesson Learned with your coworkers.

Sign-in Sheet

TONY MAZZOCCHI CENTER
FOR HEALTH, SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION
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Name of Class_____ Date of Class_____

Instructors: _____

Please Check One* H	M	Print Name	Signature

***H = Hourly Worker**
M = Management or Salaried Worker